### Mount Vernon Country Club Metropolitan District (Jefferson County, Colorado)

#### FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

with Independent Auditor's Report

**December 31, 2022** 

#### **Mount Vernon Country Club Metropolitan District**

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#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

Members of the Board of Directors Mount Vernon Country Club Metropolitan District

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and the major funds of Mount Vernon Country Club Metropolitan District as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022 and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, and the major funds of Mount Vernon Country Club Metropolitan District, as of December 31, 2022 and the respective changes in financial position, and where applicable, cash flows, for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the District and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Mount Vernon Country Club Metropolitan District's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.





In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
  appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of
  Mount Vernon Country Club Metropolitan District's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Mount Vernon Country Club Metropolitan District's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that management's discussion and analysis and budgetary schedules, as listed in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### **Supplementary Information**

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Mount Vernon Country Club Metropolitan District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents, is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Littleton, Colorado September 27, 2023

Hayrie & Company

#### Mount Vernon Country Club Metropolitan District MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS December 31, 2022

The discussion and analysis of Mount Vernon Country Club Metropolitan District's (District) financial performance provides an overall review of the District's financial activities for the year ended December 31, 2022. The intent of this discussion and analysis is to look at the District's financial performance as a whole. Readers should review the information presented here in conjunction with the basic financial statements and the notes to financial statements to enhance their understanding of the District's financial performance.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- Assets of the District exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows at the close of the fiscal year by \$5,211,377 (net position).
- The District's total net position increased by \$46,834 over the prior fiscal year.
- Poperating revenues increased \$209,381 from the prior year. This is primarily due to an increase in food and beverage revenues, membership social dues and initiation fees and activities and recreation revenue. Governmental fund revenues increased \$75,335 as a result of an increase in the sales tax collected, interest income and rental income.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

The District's basic financial statements included in this report are those of a special-purpose government engaged in both governmental and business-type activities, providing water, roads and drainage, land management, fire mitigation, transportation and parks and recreation services. The statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

The Government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the District's finances, in a manner similar to private-sector business.

The Statement of Net Position presents information on all of the District's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, with the net difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the District is improving or deteriorating.

The Statement of Activities presents information showing how the District's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of the related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., earned compensation).

Fund financial statements present the grouping of related accounts that are used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The District uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental fund and governmental activities.

The District maintains four governmental funds: 1) the general fund, 2) the transportation fund, 3) the conservation trust fund and 4) the fire mitigation fund. The general fund is the District's primary operating fund, the transportation fund is considered a special revenue fund used to account for sales tax proceeds received from the State of Colorado and the expenditures for which those funds are spent, the conservation trust fund is considered a special revenue fund used to account for the District's lottery proceeds received from the State of Colorado and the expenditures for which those funds are spent and the fire mitigation fund is considered a special revenue fund used to account for proprietary member fees and State grants and the expenditures for which those funds are spent.

Proprietary funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The District maintains two proprietary funds: 1) Recreational Clubhouse Facility Fund and 2) Water Fund. The Recreational Clubhouse Facility Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenditures related to the services provided to the District's residents and club members for social and recreational activities. The Water Fund is used to account for the revenues and expenses related to the water services that are provided to the proprietary members of the District. The services provided in both of these funds are reported as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

The *Notes to the financial statements* provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### **Financial Analysis**

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of Mount Vernon Country Club Metropolitan District, assets exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows by \$5,211,377 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

#### Statement of Net Position - All Funds December 31,

	2022	2021
Current and other assets	\$ 3,032,687	\$ 3,095,384
Capital assets, net	 5,077,035	 5,072,166
Total assets	8,109,722	8,167,550
Long-term liabilities Other liabilities	1,555,450 1,007,802	1,647,470 1,073,624
Total liabilities	2,563,252	 2,721,094
Deferred inflows of resources	335,093	281,913
Net position		
Net investment in capital assets	3,521,585	3,479,664
Restricted	470,445	461,407
Unrestricted	1,219,347	1,223,472
Net position	\$ 5,211,377	\$ 5,164,543

Net investment in capital assets (land; infrastructure; buildings and grounds; furniture, fixtures, and equipment; recreational facility; wastewater treatment facility; and the water system) as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, less any related debt used to acquire those assets represent net position of the District related to capital assets used to provide services to citizens and Clubhouse members; consequently, it is *not* available for future spending.

#### **Governmental Activities**

Governmental activities before transfers and operating contributions increased net position in 2022 by \$63,977 compared to an increase before transfers and operating contributions in 2021 of \$594,372. The decrease in the change in net position was primarily the result in the decrease on sales of land parcels in 2022.

#### **Business-type Activities**

The business-type activities (Recreational Clubhouse Facility and Water Fund) before transfers decreased net position in 2022 by \$17,143 compared to an increase before transfers in 2021 of \$410,002. There was an operating loss in 2022 of \$60,986 compared to operating income in 2021 of \$186,298. This is primarily due to an increase in general and administrative costs, payroll and related benefits and increased costs for food, beverage and other food related items. In addition, there was no tap fee revenue in 2022 compared to \$130,000 in 2021.

### **Statement of Activities - All Funds For the Year Ended December 31,**

	2022	2021			
Revenues:					
Program revenues					
Charges for services	\$ 4,805,071	\$	4,595,690		
Operating grants and contributions	-		3,200		
Capital grants and contributions	1,970		131,567		
General revenues					
Property taxes	283,259		255,153		
Proprietary member fees	188,400		187,145		
Proprietary member trash	27,181		26,880		
Sales taxes	59,868		73,354		
Specific ownership taxes	19,473		19,532		
Interest and other revenue	156,594		86,278		
Gain on sale of assets	 		449,000		
Total revenues	 5,541,816		5,827,799		
Expenses:					
General government	429,680		364,585		
Transportation	-		26,163		
Fire mitigation	29,573		14,793		
Recreational Clubhouse facility	4,595,530		4,034,494		
Water	272,060		314,480		
Dedication of capital assets to					
to conservation easement	104,615		-		
Interest on debt obligations	63,524		65,710		
Total expenses	5,494,982		4,820,225		
Increase in net position	46,834		1,007,574		
Net position - beginning	5,164,543		4,156,969		
Net position - ending	\$ 5,211,377	\$	5,164,543		

#### **Budgetary Highlights**

The District prepares its budget on the modified accrual basis of accounting to recognize the fiscal impact of capital outlay and debt repayment in addition to operations and nonoperating revenue and expenses and contributions. Depreciation is not reflected in the budget since it does not affect funds available.

#### **Capital Assets**

The District's capital assets as of December 31, 2022 and 2021 were as follows:

#### **Capital Assets - All Funds**

	Decem	ber 3	1,
	2022		2021
Land	\$ 396,819	\$	501,434
Infrastructure	617,946		617,946
Building and grounds	9,303,547		9,029,612
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	1,869,701		1,768,258
Water system	 2,125,264		1,966,650
Total assets	 14,313,277		13,883,900
Accumulated depreciation	 (9,236,242)		(8,811,734)
Net capital assets	\$ 5,077,035	\$	5,072,166

Additional information relating to the District's capital assets activity can be found in Note 5 of this report.

#### **Debt Administration**

As of December 31, 2022, the District had total debt obligations (including capital leases) of \$1,555,450, of which \$35,450 is classified as current.

Additional detail on the District's debt is in Note 6 to the financial statements.

#### **Economic Factors and Next Year's Budget**

The District anticipates 2023 activity to be substantially the same as in 2022. The budget is created with total budgeted revenues covering budgeted operation/maintenance expenses and debt retirement payments.

The 2023 mill levy for the District remained the same at 52.800 Mills to cover the General Obligations Bonds and interest payments.

#### **Requests for Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the District's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

District General Manager Mount Vernon Country Club Metropolitan District 24933 Clubhouse Circle Golden, Colorado 80401



### MOUNT VERNON COUNTRY CLUB METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

**December 31, 2022** 

		nt	
	Governmental	Business-Type	
	Activities	Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ 1,257,467	\$ 946,082	\$ 2,203,549
Accounts receivable	3,453	87,867	91,320
Due from other funds	146,507	28,475	174,982
Inventories	-	52,792	52,792
Lease receivable	42,429	-	42,429
Prepaid expenses and deposits	19,829	78,410	98,239
Property taxes receivable	194,141	98,735	292,876
Receivable from Corporation	76,500	-	76,500
Capital assets, net of depreciation	671,888	4,405,147	5,077,035
<b>Total assets</b>	2,412,214	5,697,508	8,109,722
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable	12,865	174,907	187,772
Accrued expenses	, -	171,994	171,994
Due to other funds	25,413	149,569	174,982
Unearned revenues - dues	2,978	46,826	49,804
Deposits	6,800	411,483	418,283
Accrued interest payable	-	4,967	4,967
Noncurrent liabilities			
Due within one year	-	35,450	35,450
Due in more than one year		1,520,000	1,520,000
Total liabilities	48,056	2,515,196	2,563,252
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES			
Deferred lease inflows	42,217	-	42,217
Deferred property tax revenue	194,141	98,735	292,876
Total deferred inflows of resources	236,358	98,735	335,093
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	671,888	2,849,697	3,521,585
Restricted	371,710	98,735	470,445
Unrestricted	1,084,202	135,145	1,219,347
Total net position	\$ 2,127,800	\$ 3,083,577	\$ 5,211,377

### MOUNT VERNON COUNTRY CLUB METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	Program Revenues  Net (Expense) Revenues  Changes in Net												
Functions/Programs:	Expenses	Charges for Services		Gran	Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
Governmental activities:													
General government	\$ 429,680	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	(429,680)	\$	-	\$	(429,680)
Conservation trust	-		-		-		1,970		1,970		-		1,970
Fire mitigation	29,573		-		-		-		(29,573)		-		(29,573)
Dedication of capital assets to													
to conservation easement	104,615		-		-		-		(104,615)		-		(104,615)
Interest on debt obligations	2,199		-		-		-		(2,199)		-		(2,199)
Total government activities	566,067				-		1,970		(564,097)				(564,097)
Business-type activities:													
Recreational clubhouse	4,595,530	4,517.	.251		_		_		-		(78,279)		(78,279)
Water	272,060	287.			_		_		_		15,760		15,760
Interest on debt obligations	61,325	,	-		_		_		_		(61,325)		(61,325)
Total business-type activities	4,928,915	4,805	,071		-		-		-		(123,844)		(123,844)
	General reven	1106*											
	Taxes:	ues.											
	Property ta	VAC							187,766		95,493		283,259
	Specific ov		VAC						19,473		93,493		19,473
	Sales taxes		ACS						59,868		_		59,868
	Other incom								58,626		_		58,626
	Proprietary n		•€						188,400		_		188,400
	Proprietary n								27,181		_		27,181
	Rental incom		511						65,200		_		65,200
	Interest								21,560		11,208		32,768
	Transfer (to)	from other	r funds						(30,935)		30,935		-
	Total gene								597,139		137,636		734,775
	Change in net	position							33,042		13,792		46,834
	Net position - l	oeginning	of yea	r					2,094,758		3,069,785		5,164,543

Net position - end of year

\$ 2,127,800 \$ 3,083,577 \$ 5,211,377

### $\begin{array}{c} \textbf{MOUNT VERNON COUNTRY CLUB METROPOLITAN DISTRICT} \\ \textbf{BALANCE SHEET} \end{array}$

#### GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS December 31, 2022

	General Fund	Tra	nsportation Fund		nservation rust Fund	Fire	Mitigation Fund		Total
ASSETS									
Cash and investments	\$ 898,407	\$	255,538	\$	18,203	\$	85,319	\$	1,257,467
Accounts receivable	2,803		260		-		390		3,453
Due from other funds	146,507		-		-		-		146,507
Prepaid expenditures	19,829		-		-		-		19,829
Property tax receivable	194,141		-		-		-		194,141
Receivable from Corporation	 76,500		-		-				76,500
Total assets	\$ 1,338,187	\$	255,798	\$	18,203	\$	85,709	\$	1,697,897
LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES									
LIABILITIES									
Accounts payable	\$ 12,865	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	12,865
Deposits	6,800		-		-		-		6,800
Unearned revenues	2,978		-		-		-		2,978
Due to other funds	25,413		-		-		-		25,413
Total liabilities	48,056		-		-		-		48,056
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES									
Deferred property tax revenue	194,141		_		_		_		194,141
Total deferred inflows of resources	194,141				-		-		194,141
FUND BALANCES									
Nonspendable - prepaid expenditures	19,829								19,829
Restricted by legislation	12,000		_		18,203		_		30,203
Restricted by legislation Restricted for transportation improvements	12,000		255,798		10,203		-		255,798
Restricted for fire mitigation improvements	-		255,796		-		85,709		85,709
Assigned for emergencies	1,064,161		-		-		65,709		1,064,161
Total fund balances	 1,004,101		255,798		18,203		85,709		1,455,700
Total fund balances	 1,093,990		233,196		16,203		63,709	-	1,433,700
Total deferred inflows of resources				_					
and fund balances	\$ 1,338,187	\$	255,798	\$	18,203	\$	85,709		
Amount reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:									
Lease receivable is not available within 60 days of year- end and, therefore, is unavailable in the fund financial statements.									42,429
Deferred inflows of resources represent flows of resources which relate to future periods and, therefore, are not available in the fund financial statements.									-42217
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, thereforee, are not reported in the funds.									671,888
Net position of governmental activities								\$	2,127,800

# MOUNT VERNON COUNTRY CLUB METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022

	 General Transportation Fund Fund			nservation Fire Mitigation rust Fund Fund		 Total	
Revenues							
Property taxes	\$ 187,766	\$	-	\$ -	\$	-	\$ 187,766
Specific ownership taxes	19,473		-	-		-	19,473
Sales taxes	-		59,868	-		-	59,868
Corral	14,667		-	-		-	14,667
Lottery proceeds	-		-	1,970		-	1,970
Proprietary member fees	123,600		25,920	-		38,880	188,400
Proprietary member trash	27,181		-	-		-	27,181
Rental income	65,200		-	-		-	65,200
Interest income	16,339		3,526	219		1,264	21,348
Other income	43,959		-	-		-	43,959
Total revenues	 498,185		89,314	 2,189		40,144	 629,832
Expenditures							
General government	397,178		-	-		-	397,178
Interest	2,199		-	-		-	2,199
Fire mitigation	-		-	-		29,573	29,573
Capital outlay	-		95,632	-		-	95,632
Total expenditures	 399,377		95,632	 -		29,573	 524,582
Excess of revenues over (under)							
expenditures	 98,808		(6,318)	 2,189		10,571	 105,250
Other financing uses							
Transfer to other funds	(30,935)		-	-		-	(30,935)
District investor loan repayments	 (54,968)						 (54,968)
Total other financing uses	 (85,903)		-	 			 (85,903)
Net change in fund balances	12,905		(6,318)	2,189		10,571	19,347
Fund balances - beginning of year	 1,083,085		262,116	 16,014		75,138	 1,436,353
Fund balances - end of year	\$ 1,095,990	\$	255,798	\$ 18,203	\$	85,709	\$ 1,455,700

The accompanying Notes to Financial Statements are an integral part of these statements.

# MOUNT VERNON COUNTRY CLUB METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

Net change in fund balance of governmental funds		\$	19,347
Amounts reported for governmental activities			
in the statement of activities are different because:			
Certain revenues in the government-wide statement of activities that do			
not provide current financial resources are not reoported as revenue in			212
in the governmental funds.			212
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures.			
However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets			
is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as			
depreciation expense.			
Capital outlay	\$ 95,632		
Capital assets contributed to conservation easement	(104,615)		
Depreciation expense	 (32,502)	-	(41,485)
The issuance of long-term debt provides current financial resources			
to governmental funds, while the repayment of principal of long-term			
debt consumes the current financial resources of governmental funds.			
Neither transaction, however, has any effect on net position.			
The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt			
is as follows:			
Participant repayments			54,968
Change in net position of governmental activities		\$_	33,042

### MOUNT VERNON COUNTRY CLUB METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

**December 31, 2022** 

#### With Comparative Totals for 2021

	Recreational Clubhouse Facility		Water Fund	Total		2021 Total
ASSETS						
Cash and investments	\$	765,819	\$ 180,263	\$	946,082	\$ 1,008,233
Accounts receivable		85,697	2,170		87,867	84,585
Due from other funds		28,387	88		28,475	91,166
Inventories		52,792	-		52,792	51,162
Prepaid expenses and deposits		70,968	7,442		78,410	68,092
Property tax receivable		82,875	15,860		98,735	95,039.00
Capital assets, net		3,390,611	1,014,536		4,405,147	4,358,793
Total assets		4,477,149	1,220,359		5,697,508	5,757,070
LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable		130,716	44,191		174,907	77,167
Accrued expenses		171,994	-		171,994	190,449
Accrued interest payable		4,225	742		4,967	5,072
Due to other funds		146,595	2,974		149,569	274,998
Unearned revenues		44,622	2,204		46,826	38,933
Deposits		411,483	-		411,483	413,125
Noncurrent liabilities						
Due within one year		29,450	6,000		35,450	37,052
Due in more than one year		1,251,000	269,000		1,520,000	1,555,450
Total liabilities		2,190,085	 325,111		2,515,196	 2,592,246
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Deferred property tax revenue		82,875	15,860		98,735	95,039.00
Total deferred inflows of resources		82,875	15,860		98,735	95,039
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		2,110,161	739,536		2,849,697	2,766,291
Restricted for debt service		82,875	15,860		98,735	95,039
Unrestricted		11,153	, , ,		135,145	 208,455
Total net position	\$	2,204,189	\$ 879,388	\$	3,083,577	\$ 3,069,785

### MOUNT VERNON COUNTRY CLUB METROPOLITAN DISTRICT STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

#### For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 With Comparative Totals for 2021

	Recreational Clubhouse Facility		Water Fund	Total	2021 Total
Operating revenues					
Activities and recreation	\$ 86,565	5 \$	-	\$ 86,565	\$ 19,435
Membership social dues	1,240,110	)	-	1,240,110	1,114,112
Initiation fees	262,550	)	-	262,550	232,804
Food and beverage sales	2,274,185	5	-	2,274,185	1,985,801
Food related other income	453,321	l	-	453,321	428,720
Pool fees	38,964	1	-	38,964	38,650
Racquets	101,300	)	-	101,300	72,514
Service charges	-		222,480	222,480	218,160
Capital reserve fees	-		65,340	65,340	65,096
Wellness	4,500	5	-	4,506	8,943
Other income and late fees	55,750	)	-	55,750	411,455
Total operating revenues	4,517,25		287,820	4,805,071	 4,595,690
Operating expenses					
Activities and recreation	19,062	2	_	19,062	16,464
Food and beverage	913,715		_	913,715	796,947
Payroll and related benefits	2,293,767		_	2,293,767	1,942,508
Pool operations	38,130		_	38,136	36,556
Tennis courts	21,023		_	21,023	32,032
Water costs	,		202,249	202,249	207,530
Wellness operations	9,299	)	-	9,299	9,694
Facility maintenance	251,424		_	251,424	252,681
Membership	20,366		_	20,366	17,110
General and administrative	705,010		_	705,010	635,394
Depreciation	322,444		69,562	392,006	400,629
Total operating expenses	4,594,246		271,811	 4,866,057	 4,347,545
Operating income (loss)	(76,995	5)	16,009	(60,986)	248,145
Nonoperating revenues (expenses)					
Interest income	7,783	3	3,425	11,208	279
Interest expense	(52,082		(9,243)	(61,325)	(62,126)
Income (loss) before other financing sources (uses)	(121,294		10,191	(111,103)	186,298
Other financing sources (uses)					
Bank fees	(83	3)	(16)	(99)	_
County treasurer fees	(1,20)		(233)	(1,434)	(1,429)
Operating transfers in	30,935		(233)	30,935	16,814
Property taxes	79,99		15,496	95,493	95,133
Tap fees revenue	-	,	-	-	130,000
Total other financing sources (uses)	109,648	3	15,247	 124,895	 240,518
Change in net position	(11,640	5)	25,438	13,792	426,816
Net position - beginning of year	2,215,835	5	853,950	 3,069,785	 2,642,969
Net position - end of year	\$ 2,204,189	\$	879,388	\$ 3,083,577	\$ 3,069,785

#### MOUNT VERNON COUNTRY CLUB METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

#### PROPRIETARY FUNDS

For the Year Ended December 31, 2022 With Comparative Totals for 2021

	Re	creational				
	(	Clubhouse	Water			2021
		Facility	Fund	Total		Total
Cash flows from operating activities			 			 
Cash received from customers	\$	4,520,210	\$ 287,830	\$	4,808,040	\$ 4,745,268
Cash payments to employees for services		(2,293,767)	-		(2,293,767)	(1,898,908)
Cash payments to suppliers for goods and services		(1,947,733)	(165,319)		(2,113,052)	(1,919,890)
Net cash provided by operating activities		278,710	122,511		401,221	926,470
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities						
Transfers from other fund		30,935	-		30,935	 16,814
Net cash provided by noncapital financing activities		30,935	 -		30,935	16,814
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities						
Acquisition of capital assets		(279,746)	(158,614)		(438,360)	(121,398)
County treasurer fees		(1,201)	(233)		(1,434)	(1,429)
Bank fees		(83)	(16)		(99)	-
Due to other funds		(23,244)	(39,494)		(62,738)	(62,846)
Tap fees		-	-		-	130,000
Principal paid on debt		(31,052)	(6,000)		(37,052)	(34,640)
Property taxes		79,997	15,496		95,493	95,133
Interest paid on debt		(52,082)	 (9,243)		(61,325)	 (62,126)
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities		(307,411)	 (198,104)		(505,515)	 (57,306)
Cash flows from investing activities						
Interest		7,783	3,425		11,208	 279
Net cash provided by investing activities		7,783	 3,425		11,208	 279
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		10,017	(72,168)		(62,151)	886,257
Cash and cash equivalents - beginning of year		755,802	 252,431		1,008,233	121,976
Cash and cash equivalents - end of year	\$	765,819	\$ 180,263	\$	946,082	\$ 1,008,233

#### MOUNT VERNON COUNTRY CLUB METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

#### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

(continued)

	C	creational lubhouse Facility	Water Fund		Total		2021 Total	
Reconciliation of operating loss to net								_
cash provided by operating activities								
Operating income (loss)	\$	(76,995)	\$	16,009	\$	(60,986)	\$	248,145
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to								
net cash provided by operating activities								
Depreciation		322,444		69,562		392,006		400,629
(Increase) decrease in:								
Accounts receivable		(3,772)		490		(3,282)		94,483
Inventories		(1,630)		-		(1,630)		(13,020)
Prepaid expenses		(8,888)		(1,430)		(10,318)		(32,061)
Increase (decrease) in:								
Accounts payable		59,364		38,376		97,740		26,781
Accrued expenses		(18,455)		-		(18,455)		146,521
Accrued interest		(89)		(16)		(105)		(103)
Unearned revenues		8,373		(480)		7,893		25,441
Deposits		(1,642)		-		(1,642)		29,654
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	278,710	\$	122,511	\$	401,221	\$	926,470

#### **Note 1 – Definition of Reporting Entity**

Mount Vernon Country Club Metropolitan District (the District), a political subdivision incorporated under the State of Colorado, is governed pursuant to the provisions of the Colorado Special District Act (Title 32, Article 1, Colorado Revised Statutes). The District's service area is located in Jefferson County, Colorado. The District was established on February 1, 1992 to provide water, roads and drainage, land management, fire mitigation, and parks and recreation services within and outside of its boundaries.

Substantially all of the assets and liabilities of Mount Vernon Country Club, a non-profit corporation (the Corporation), were conveyed to the District in 1992. The assets included a recreation clubhouse facility consisting of a restaurant, bar, tennis courts, pro shop, swimming pool and snack bar, along with meeting rooms and three residential units owned by the Corporation as housing for employees. Other assets conveyed by the Corporation include 1,000 acres of open space within the District, the water supply system serving the District residents, roads, rights of way and easements appurtenant to the water system. The liabilities transferred included outstanding loans associated with the water system and land as well as normal obligations incurred in the operation of the assets conveyed to the District. All assets and liabilities transferred were recorded on the books and records of the District at the net book value recorded on the Corporation's books and records at the date of transfer.

Due to the obligations of the Corporation to its proprietary members, certain restrictions exist in the conveyances by the Corporation to the District regarding the sale of real property, the water tap moratorium and enforcement of the Corporation's governing documents. A reversionary interest is provided for in the event conditions are violated.

The District follows the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting pronouncements which provide guidance for determining which governmental activities, organizations and functions should be included within the financial reporting entity. GASB pronouncements set forth the financial accountability of a governmental organization's elected governing body as the basic criterion for including a possible component governmental organization in a primary government's legal entity. Financial accountability includes, but is not limited to, appointment of a voting majority of the organization's governing body, ability to impose its will on the organization, a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits or burdens and fiscal dependency.

The District is not financially accountable for any other organization, nor is the District a component unit of any other primary governmental entity.

#### **Note 2 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies**

The more significant accounting policies of the District are described as follows:

#### Government-wide and fund financial statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the District. The effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which are normally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of net position reports all financial and capital resources of the District. The difference between the (a) assets and deferred outflows of resources and the (b) liabilities and deferred inflows of resources of the District is reported as net position.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct and indirect expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for the governmental funds and proprietary funds. Major individual governmental and proprietary funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### Measurement focus, basis of accounting and financial statement presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period.

Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met. Interest associated with the current fiscal period is considered to be susceptible to accrual and so has been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

Expenditures, other than interest on long-term obligations, generally are recorded when the liability is incurred or the long-term obligation is due.

The District reports the following major governmental funds:

The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The transportation fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the District's sales tax proceeds received from the State of Colorado and proprietary member fees for the purpose of financing, constructing, operating and maintaining streets, transportation and safety protection improvements, including parking lots located at District facilities and amenities.

The conservation trust fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the District's lottery proceeds received from the State of Colorado and the capital improvements or maintenance for recreational purposes for which those funds are spent.

The fire mitigation fund is a special revenue fund used to account for the District's proprietary member fees and State grants for fire mitigation expenses of the open spaces within the District.

The District reports the following major proprietary funds:

The recreational clubhouse facility is used to charge District residents and club members for social and recreational activities provided to them. All revenues and expenses related to these activities are accounted for in this fund. All revenues of the recreational clubhouse facility are considered operating revenues except for interest income and gains on disposals of capital assets which are considered non-operating revenues.

The water fund is used to charge District residents monthly fees for services not paid for with property taxes. All service charges and related expenses and assets are accounted for in this fund.

The proprietary funds distinguish between operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. Operating revenues consist of charges to customers for services provided. Operating expenses include the cost of services, administrative expenses and depreciation of capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses or capital contributions.

Comparative data for 2021 is provided in the proprietary fund statements for analysis purposes only.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### Pooled cash and investments

The District follows the practice of pooling cash and investments of all funds to maximize investment earnings. Except when required by trust or other agreements, all cash is deposited to and disbursed from two bank accounts. Cash in excess of immediate operating requirements is pooled for deposit and investment flexibility. Investment earnings are allocated periodically to the participating funds based upon each fund's average equity balance in the total cash.

#### Cash equivalents

For purposes of the Statement of Cash Flows, the District considers cash deposits and highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition, to be cash equivalents.

#### Accounts receivable and allowance for uncollectible accounts

Accounts receivable is reported net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$16,982 at December 31, 2022.

#### **Inventories**

Inventories consist of foods, beverage and other items used in the clubhouse recreational facility. Inventories are carried at the lower of cost or net realizable value, using the first in, first out method.

#### **Property taxes**

Property taxes are levied by the District's board of directors. The levy is based on assessed valuations determined by the County Assessor generally as of January 1 of each year. The levy is normally set by December 15 by certification to the County Commissioners to put the tax lien on the individual's properties as of January 1 of the following year. The County Treasurer collects the determined taxes during the ensuing calendar year. The taxes are payable by April or if in equal installments, at the taxpayer's election, February and June.

Delinquent taxpayers are notified in August and generally sales of the tax liens on delinquent properties are held in November or December. The County Treasurer remits the taxes collected monthly to the District.

Property taxes, net of estimated uncollectible taxes, are recorded initially as deferred inflows of resources in the year they are levied and measurable. The property tax revenues are recorded as revenue in the year they are available or collected.

#### Prepaid expenses and other deferred charges

Prepaid expenses and other deferred charges are amounts paid in the current year for expenses related to subsequent years.

#### **Unearned revenues**

The District reports unearned revenue in the government-wide statement of net position and in the fund financial statements. Unearned revenues arise when potential revenue does not meet both the "measurable" and "available" criteria for recognition in the current period. Unearned revenues also arise when resources are received by the District before it has a legal claim to them. In subsequent periods, when both revenue recognition criteria are met, or when the District has a legal claim to the resources, the liabilities for unearned revenue is removed from the statement of net position and revenue is recognized.

The unearned revenues recognized at December 31, 2022 represent membership dues and district fees that have been paid in advance for the recreational clubhouse facility, water fund and general fund which have not been billed for the time period for which they are due.

#### Sales taxes

The District imposed a sales tax at a rate not to exceed 2% upon every transaction in the District effective January 1, 2018, for the purpose of financing, constructing, operating and maintaining streets, transportation and safety protection improvements, including parking lots located at District facilities and amenities.

#### Leases

The District is a lessor of a long-term lease of certain real property of the District. The District recognizes a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources in the government-wide financial statements. At the commencement of a lease, the District initially measures the lease receivable at the present value of payments expected to be received during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease receivable is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments received. The deferred inflow of resources is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease, adjusted for lease payments received at or before the lease commencement date. Subsequently, the deferred inflow of resources is recognized as revenue over the life of the lease term.

#### Capital assets

Capital assets include land, buildings and grounds, furniture, fixtures and equipment, recreational facilities, the wastewater treatment facility and infrastructure assets acquired after January 1, 2004, reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activity columns in the government-wide financial statements. Infrastructure assets consist of roads, bridges, curbs and gutters, streets and sidewalks, drainage systems and lighting systems.

Capital assets are defined by the District as those assets with an initial, individual cost of \$1,000 or greater and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation or at the donor's cost.

The District's intangible assets include land use rights, water rights, rights of way and easements appurtenant to the water system. Such intangible assets have an indefinite useful life, are not amortized, and are classified as capital assets in accordance with GASB 51, *Accounting and Financial Reporting for Intangible Assets*. Land use rights are included in Land in the governmental activities section of capital assets in Note 4. Purchased water rights in connection with the Robert Lewis Ditch and rights of way and easements appurtenant to the water system are included in the Water fund: Water system in the business activities section of capital assets in Note 4.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the life of the asset are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related fixed assets, as applicable.

Depreciation expense has been computed using the straight-line method over the following estimated economic useful lives:

	Years
Building	20-40
Wastewater treatment system	20-40
Recreational facility	5-15
Furniture, fixtures and equipment	5-15

#### Capital leases

The District entered into a lease-purchase agreement for a recreational facility equipment purchase for the kitchen that expires in 2023. The assets and liabilities under the lease-purchase agreement are recorded at the lower of the present value of the minimum lease payments or the fair values of the assets. The assets are being depreciated over the estimated economic useful lives. The assets and the related liabilities are recorded in the proprietary fund in which the assets are being used and from which the liabilities will be paid. The lease is subject to annual appropriations.

#### **Interfund transfers**

Quasi-external transactions are accounted for as revenues, expenditures or expenses. Transactions that constitute reimbursements to a fund for expenses initially made from it that are properly applicable to another fund, are recorded as expenses in the reimbursing fund and as reductions as expenses in the fund that is reimbursed. During 2022, the general fund transferred \$30,935 to the recreational clubhouse facility fund from the allowable 10% of property taxes collected for general expenditures.

#### **Fund equity**

Fund balance for governmental funds should be reported in classifications that comprise a hierarchy based on the extent to which the government is bound to honor constraints on the specific purposes for which spending can occur. Governmental funds report up to five classifications of fund balance: nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned and unassigned. Because circumstances differ among governments, not every government or every governmental fund will present all of these components. The following classifications describe the relative strength of spending constraints:

Non-spendable fund balance – The portion of fund balance that cannot be spent because it is either not in spendable form (such as inventory) or is legally or contractually required to be maintained intact. At December 31, 2022, the District had a nonspendable fund balance of \$19,829 which represents prepaid expenditures for the ensuing fiscal year and it therefore not in a spendable form.

Restricted fund balance – The portion of fund balance constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as grantors or bondholders), constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. At December 31, 2022, the District had \$12,000 restricted by legislation for emergencies, \$255,798 for transportation improvements in the transportation fund, \$18,203 for the conservation trust fund and \$85,709 for fire mitigation in the fire mitigation fund.

Restricted Net Position – The portion of Net Position constrained to being used for a specific purpose by external parties (such as grantors or bondholders). At December 31, 2022, the District had \$82,875 restricted for debt service in the recreational clubhouse facility and \$15,860 restricted for debt service in the water fund.

Committed fund balance – The portion of fund balance constrained for specific purposes according to limitations imposed by the District's highest level of decision making authority, the board of directors, prior to the end of the current fiscal year. The constraint may be removed or changed only through formal action of the board of directors.

Assigned fund balance – The portion of fund balance that is constrained by the government's intent to be used for specific purposes, but is neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the board of directors to be used for a specific purpose. Constraints imposed on the use of assigned amounts are more easily removed or modified than those imposed on amounts that are classified as committed. At December 31, 2022, the board of directors had assigned \$1,064,161 for emergencies.

Unassigned fund balance – The residual portion of fund balance that does not meet any of the above criteria.

If more than one classification of fund balance is available for use when an expenditure is incurred, it is the District's policy to use the most restrictive classification first.

#### **Budgets**

In accordance with the Local Government Budget Law of Colorado, the District's board of directors holds a public hearing in the fall each year to approve the budget and appropriate the funds for the ensuing year. The appropriation is at the total fund expenditures level and lapses at year-end. The District's board of directors can modify the budget by line item within the total appropriation without notification. The total appropriation can only be modified upon completion of notification and publication requirements. The District amended its General Fund, Recreational Clubhouse Facility and Water Fund Budgets subsequent to year end.

#### Use of estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires that District management make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **New Accounting Standard**

For 2022, the District implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 87, Leases. GASB Statement No. 87 improves accounting and financial reporting for leases by government. As a result, the District recognized a lease receivable and deferred inflow of resources in the financial statements. A restatement of the prior period was not required. Additional information on the lease receivable is provided in Note 4.

#### Note 3 – Cash and Investments

Cash and investments are reflected on the December 31, 2022 Statement of Net Position as follows:

Cash and investments	\$ 2,203,549
Cash and investments as of December 31, 2022 consist of the following:	
Cash on hand	\$ 1,300
Deposits with financial institutions	191,385
Investments	2,010,864
Total cash and investments	\$ 2,203,549

At December 31, 2022, the District's cash deposits had bank balances of \$283,234 and carrying balances of \$191,385.

#### **Deposits with financial institutions**

The Colorado Public Deposit Protection Act (PDPA) requires that all units of local government deposit cash in eligible public depositories. Eligibility is determined by state regulators. Amounts on deposit in excess of federal insurance levels must be collateralized. As of December 31, 2022, the federal insurance limit was \$250,000. The eligible collateral is determined by the PDPA. PDPA allows the institution to create a single collateral pool for all public funds. The pool for all the uninsured public deposits as a group is to be maintained by another institution or held in trust. The market value of the collateral must be at least 102% of the aggregate uninsured deposits.

The State Commissioners for banks and financial services are required by statute to monitor the naming of eligible depositories and reporting of the uninsured deposits and assets maintained in the collateral pools.

#### Custodial credit risk – deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District's cash deposit and investment policy adopts state statutes regarding custodial credit risk for deposits. As of December 31, 2022, the District's bank balances and carrying balances were federally insured for the full balance.

#### Investments

The District's investment policy adopts state statutes regarding investments.

The District primarily limits its investments to local government investments pools, which are believed to have minimal credit risk, minimal interest rate risk and no foreign currency risk. Additionally, the District is not subject to concentration risk disclosure requirements or subject to custodial credit risk for investments that are in the possession of another party. Colorado revised statutes limit investment maturities to five years or less unless formally approved by the board of directors. Such actions are generally associated with a debt service reserve or sinking fund requirements.

Colorado statutes specify investment instruments meeting defined rating and risk criteria in which local governments may invest which include:

- Obligations of the United States, certain U.S. government agency securities and securities of the World Bank
- · General obligation and revenue bonds of U.S. local government entities
- · Certain certificates of participation
- · Certain securities lending agreements
- · Bankers' acceptances of certain banks
- · Commercial paper
- Written repurchase agreements and certain reverse repurchase agreements collateralized by certain authorized securities
- · Certain money market funds
- · Guaranteed investment contracts
- · Local government investment pools

As of December 31, 2022, the District had the following investments:

Investment	Maturity	 Carrying Value
Colorado Local Government		
Liquid Asset Trust:		
COLOTRUST PLUS+	Weighted average maturity under 60 days	\$ 333,621
COLOTRUST EDGE	Weighted average maturity under one year	 1,677,243
		\$ 2,010,864

#### **Colotrust**

During 2022, the District invested in the Colorado Local Government Liquid Asset Trust (Colotrust), an investment vehicle established for local government entities in Colorado to pool surplus funds. The State Securities Commissioner administers and enforces all State statutes governing Colotrust. The District invested in COLOTRUST PLUS+ (PLUS+) and COLOTRUST EDGE (EDGE), two of the three portfolios offered by Colotrust. PLUS+ operates similarly to a money market fund and each share is equal in value to \$1.00. There are no unfunded commitments, the redemption period frequency is daily and there is no redemption period. Allowable investments in the PLUS+ portfolio include U.S. Treasury securities and repurchase agreements collateralized by U.S. Treasury securities, certain obligations of U.S. government agencies, highest rated commercial paper and repurchase agreements collateralized by certain obligations of U.S. government agencies. EDGE investments consist of money market instruments and medium-term notes designed for the short to intermediate reserve and surplus funds of Colorado governments.

A designated custodial bank serves as custodian for Colotrust's portfolios pursuant to a custodian agreement. The custodian acts as safekeeping agent for Colotrust's investment portfolios and provides services as the depository in connection with direct investments and withdrawals. The custodian's internal records segregate investments owned by Colotrust. As of December 31, 2022, the District had \$333,621 invested in PLUS+ and \$1,677,243 invested in EDGE. PLUS+ is rated AAAm by S&P Global Ratings and EDGE is rated AAAf/S1 by Fitch Ratings.

#### **Investment Valuation**

Certain investments measured at fair value on a recurring basis are categorized within the fair value hierarchy established by generally accepted accounting principles. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure an asset's fair value: Level 1 inputs are quoted priced in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The District's investments are not required to be categorized within the fair value hierarchy. These investments are measured at amortized cost or in certain circumstances the value is estimated using the net asset value (NAV) per share, or its equivalent of the investment. These investments include 2a7-like external investment pools and money market investments. The District held investments in Colotrust at year end for which the investment evaluations were determined as follows.

Colotrust determines the NAV of the shares of each portfolio as of the close of business on each day. The NAV per share of each portfolio is computed by dividing the total value of the securities and other assets of the portfolios, less any liabilities, by the total outstanding shares of the portfolios. Liabilities, which include all expenses and fees of Colotrust, are accrued daily. The NAV is calculated at fair value using various inputs to determine value in accordance with FASB guidance. It is the goal of PLUS+ to maintain a NAV of \$1.00 per share, however changes in interest rates may affect the fair value of the securities held by Colotrust and there can be no assurance that the NAV will not vary from \$1.00 per share. EDGE does not seek to maintain a stable NAV. EDGE initially established a \$10.00 transactional share price. The principal value of an EDGE investment may fluctuate and could be greater or less than the share price at price of purchase, prior to redemption and at the time of redemption.

#### Note 4 – <u>Lease Receivable</u>

The District receives payments under a long-term lease of certain real property of the District. The lease receivable is recorded in an amount equal to the present value of the expected future minimum lease payments received, discounted by an applicable interest rate of 4.0%. The lease expires on June 15, 2024. The lease is amortized as follows:

Year ending December 31,	Principal		Interest		 Total
2023	\$	28,828		1,172	\$ 30,000
2024		13,601		149	 13,750
	\$	42,429	\$	1,321	\$ 43,750

#### Note 5 – <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2022 was as follows:

	Balance at December 31, 2021						Balance at cember 31,
			In	creases	<u>D</u>	ecreases	2022
<b>Governmental activities</b>							
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Construction in progress	\$	-	\$	95,632	\$	-	\$ 95,632
Land		501,434				(104,615)	 396,819
Total capital assets not being depreciated		501,434		95,632		(104,615)	 492,451
Capital assets being depreciated							
Infrastructure		617,946		-		-	617,946
Less accumulated depreciation		(406,007)		(32,502)		-	(438,509)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		211,939		(32,502)		-	179,437
Total governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	713,373	\$	63,130	\$	(104,615)	\$ 671,888
Business-type activities							
Recreational clubhouse facility:							
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Construction in progress	\$	5,832	\$	36,849	\$	-	\$ 42,681
Total capital assets not being depreciated		5,832		36,849		-	42,681
Capital assets being depreciated						-	
Buildings and grounds		9,029,612		135,622		-	9,165,234
Furniture, fixtures and equipment		1,762,426		107,275		-	1,869,701
Less accumulated depreciation		(7,364,561)		(322,444)		-	(7,687,005)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		3,427,477		(79,547)		_	3,347,930
Water fund:							
Capital assets not being depreciated							
Construction in progress		66,668		158,614		(66,668)	158,614
Total capital assets not being depreciated		66,668		158,614		(66,668)	 158,614
Capital assets being depreciated							 
Water system		1,899,982		66,668		_	1,966,650
Less accumulated depreciation		(1,041,166)		(69,562)		_	(1,110,728)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net		858,816		(2,894)		_	 855,922
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Total business-type activities capital assets, net		4,358,793		113,022		(66,668)	 4,405,147
Total capital assets, net	\$	5,072,166	\$	176,152	\$	(171,283)	\$ 5,077,035

#### Note 6 - Long-term Obligations

The following is an analysis of changes in the District's long-term obligations for the year ended December 31, 2022:

	Ba	lance at					В	alance at		Due
	Dec	ember 31,					Dec	cember 31,	V	Vithin
		2021	Additions		Reductions		2022		One Year	
General Fund										
Other debt										
Participant advances	\$	54,968	\$	-	\$	54,968	\$		\$	
Other debt total		54,968		-		54,968		-		_
Enterprise Funds										
Loans										
G.O. Taxable Refunding Loan, Series 2020A		1,306,000		-		27,000		1,279,000		28,000
G.O. Tax-Exempt Refunding Loan, Series 2020B		281,000		-		6,000		275,000		6,000
Loans total		1,587,000		-		33,000		1,554,000		34,000
Other debt										
Capital lease - equipment		5,502		-		4,052		1,450		1,450
Other debt total		5,502		-		4,052		1,450		1,450
Total long-term obligations	\$	1,647,470	\$		\$	92,020	\$	1,555,450	\$	35,450

The details of the District's long-term obligations are as follows:

#### Capital lease - equipment

In 2019, the District entered into a lease-purchase agreement. The lease-purchase agreement matures on April 23, 2023 and principal and interest payments are due on the 20th of the month with a requirement of twelve payments per year.

#### **Refunding loans**

On June 15, 2020, the District issued its \$1,332,000 General Obligation Taxable Refunding Loan, Series 2020A (Series 2020A Loan). The Series 2020A Loan is a general obligation loan of the District and is secured and payable from pledged revenue consisting of ad valorem taxes collected and any other legally available moneys collected by the District as needed for required debt service payments. The Series 2020A Loan was issued for the purpose of i) refunding the pool and recreational facilities lease, (ii) refunding the Series 2013 Note, iii) funding capitalized interest on the Series 2020A Loan nd iv) paying the costs of issuing the Series 2020A Loan. Principal payments are due annually on December 1 and the Series 2020A Loan currently bears interest at the rate of 3.910%, payable in semi-annual installments on June 1 and December 1. On and after December 1, 2039, the interest rate resets to a rate equal to the Des Moines Federal Home Loan Bank rate as defined in the loan agreement.

On June 15, 2020, the District issued its \$286,000 General Obligation Tax-Exempt Refunding Loan, Series 2020B (Series 2020B Loan). The Series 2020B Loan is a tax-exempt general obligation loan of the District and is secured and payable from pledged revenue consisting of ad valorem taxes and any other legally available moneys collected by the District as needed for required debt service payments. The Series 2020B Loan was issued for the purpose of i) refunding the Series 2013 Note, ii) funding capitalized interest on the Series 2020B Loan and iii) paying the costs of issuing the Series 2020B Loan. Principal payments are due annually on December 1 and the 2020B Loan currently bears interest at the rate of 3.250%, payable in semi-annual installments on June 1 and December 1. On and after December 1, 2039, the interest rate resets to a fixed rate equal to 80% of the 2020B taxable rate. The 2020B taxable rate is 3.910% per year and on and after December 1, 2039, the interest rate resets to a rate equal to the Des Moines Federal Home Loan Bank rate as defined in the loan agreement.

The District completed the refunding under the Series 2020A and 2020B Loans to restructure the debt and shift the costs from the available operating funds to a separate District Mill Levy.

Events of default under the Series 2020A and 2020B Loans include (i) failure to impose required mill levy or apply required pledged revenues, (ii) failure to pay principal and interest when due, (iii) failure to pay any other amounts due within five business days after the due date, (iv) failure to comply with required reporting requirements, (v) a change in financial or operating conditions that would have a material adverse impact on the District's ability to generate pledged revenues sufficient to pay all amounts when due and (vi) initiation of proceedings to dissolve the District or consolidate the District with another entity or filing of a petition for bankruptcy. Immediately upon the occurrence and continuance of an event of default, the lender has rights or remedies which includes the right to file a suit for judgment, action or special proceedings.

#### Participant advances

During 2020, the District entered into advance and reimbursement agreements for repair and maintenance costs with nine residents (Participants) of the District for repairs to the District-owned property located at 25171 Aspen Way. The agreements were executed between October 1, 2020 and December 23, 2020 and were amended in 2021. The total advances received by the District in 2020 from the Participants was \$65,000. During 2021, the District entered into advance and reimbursement agreements for repair and maintenance costs with nine residents (Participants) of the District for repairs to the District-owned property located at 25201 Centennial Trail. The agreements were executed between April 24, 2021 and April 27, 2021. The total advances received by the District from the Participants in 2021 was \$35,000.

The District was to reimburse the Participants for the 2020 and 2021 advances together with an interest rate of 4% per annum compounded annually. The District's reimbursement obligation was subordinated to any bonded indebtedness of the District. Payments by the District were first applied to interest and then to principal in chronological order to their effective date. When rental income was received, 5% percent was deposited in a reserve bank account and the remainder was divided evenly between the Participants and paid in one lump sum payment on or before December 31 of each year. If there was no rental income due to vacancy or any other reason, the reimbursement payments to the Participants was suspended until rental income resumed. The 2020 and 2021 participant advances plus accrued interest were paid in full during 2022.

As a result of the rental income inflow, the advance and reimbursement agreements entered by the District in 2020 and 2021 have been completely paid-off.

The District's long-term obligations will mature as follows:

Year ending	
December 31,	<u>Principal</u>
2023	\$ 35,450
2024	35,000
2025	36,000
2026	38,000
2027	39,000
2028-2032	220,000
2033-2037	265,000
2038-2042	322,000
2043-2047	388,000
2048-2049	177,000
Total	\$ 1,555,450

#### Note 7 – Net Position

The District has net position consisting of three components – net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances of bonds, loans, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets.

As of December 31, 2022, the District had a net investment in capital assets as follows:

	Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		No	Total et Position
Capital assets, net	\$	671,888	\$	4,405,147	\$	5,077,035
Current portion of long-term debt		-		(35,450)		(35,450)
Long-term debt due in more than one year				(1,520,000)		(1,520,000)
Net investment in capital assets	\$	671,888	\$	2,849,697	\$	3,521,585

Restricted net position includes assets that are restricted for use either externally imposed by creditors, net grantors, contributors, or laws and regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

As of December 31, 2022, the District had restricted net position as follows:

	ernmental etivities	siness- type tivities	Re	Total stricted Position
Restricted for emergencies	\$ 12,000	\$ -	\$	12,000
Restricted for fire mitigation	85,709	-		85,709
Restricted for parks and recreation	18,203	-		18,203
Restricted for refunding loans	-	98,735		98,735
Restricted for transportation improvements	 255,798			255,798
Restricted net position	\$ 371,710	\$ 98,735	\$	470,445

As of December 31, 2022, the District had an unrestricted net position of \$1,219,347.

#### Note 8 – Pension Plan

#### Defined contribution money purchase plan

The District has adopted an employees' qualified money purchase plan (Plan) in accordance with Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a). The Plan is administered by American United Life Insurance Company. The Plan is a defined contribution plan with the District contributing an amount equal to 4% of each participant's compensation for the year. Each full-time employee, minimum age of 21, is eligible to become a participant. The District is not liable for further pension benefits in excess of the contributions made to the Plan. Each participant is required to match the District's contribution. The employer and the employees' contributions are fully vested at the date of contribution. Contributions are tax deferred until withdrawn. The required contributions to the Plan for the year ending December 31, 2022 were \$72,198.

#### Note 9 – Risk Management

Except as may be provided in and by the Colorado Governmental Immunity Act, Section 24-10-101, et seq., C.R.S., as may be amended from time to time, the District may be exposed to various risks of loss related to torts, thefts of, damage to, or destruction of assets; errors or omissions; injuries to employees, or acts of God.

The District is a member of the Colorado Special Districts Property and Liability Pool (Pool). The Pool is an organization created by intergovernmental agreement to provide property, liability, public official's liability, boiler and machinery and workers compensation coverage to its members. Settled claims have not exceeded this coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

The District pays annual premiums to the Pool for liability, property, public officials and workers compensation coverage. In the event aggregated losses incurred by the Pool exceed amounts recoverable from reinsurance contracts and funds accumulated by the Pool, the Pool may require additional contributions from the Pool members. Any excess funds which the Pool determines are not needed for purposes of the Pool may be returned to the members pursuant to a distribution formula.

#### **Note 10 – TABOR Amendment**

Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado constitution, commonly known as the Taxpayer's Bill of Rights (TABOR) contains tax, spending, revenue and debt limitations which apply to the State of Colorado and all local governments.

Enterprises, defined as government-owned businesses authorized to issue revenue bonds and receiving less than 10% of annual revenue in grants from all state and local governments combined, are excluded from the provisions of TABOR. The District's board of directors has adopted a resolution establishing an enterprise to operate its water and sanitation activities. The District's management believes its water and sanitation operations qualify for this exclusion.

On May 4, 2004, the registered voters of the District authorized the District to collect, retain and spend all revenue and other funds collected from any source effective January 1, 2004 and continuing thereafter without regard to any expenditure, revenue raising or other limitation contained within Article X, Section 20 of the Colorado Constitution. The voters also authorized the District to continue to levy 21.110 mills each year for operations regardless of any revenue limitation in Section 29-1-301, C.R.S., or other State Law.

The District's management believes it is in compliance with the provisions of TABOR. However, TABOR is complex and subject to interpretation. Many of the provisions, including the interpretation of how to calculate fiscal year spending limits and qualification as an Enterprise will require judicial interpretation.

TABOR requires local governments to establish emergency reserves. These reserves must be at least 3% of fiscal year spending (excluding bonded debt service). Local governments are not allowed to use the emergency reserves to compensate for economic conditions, revenue shortfalls or salary or benefit increases.

#### Note 11 – Related Parties

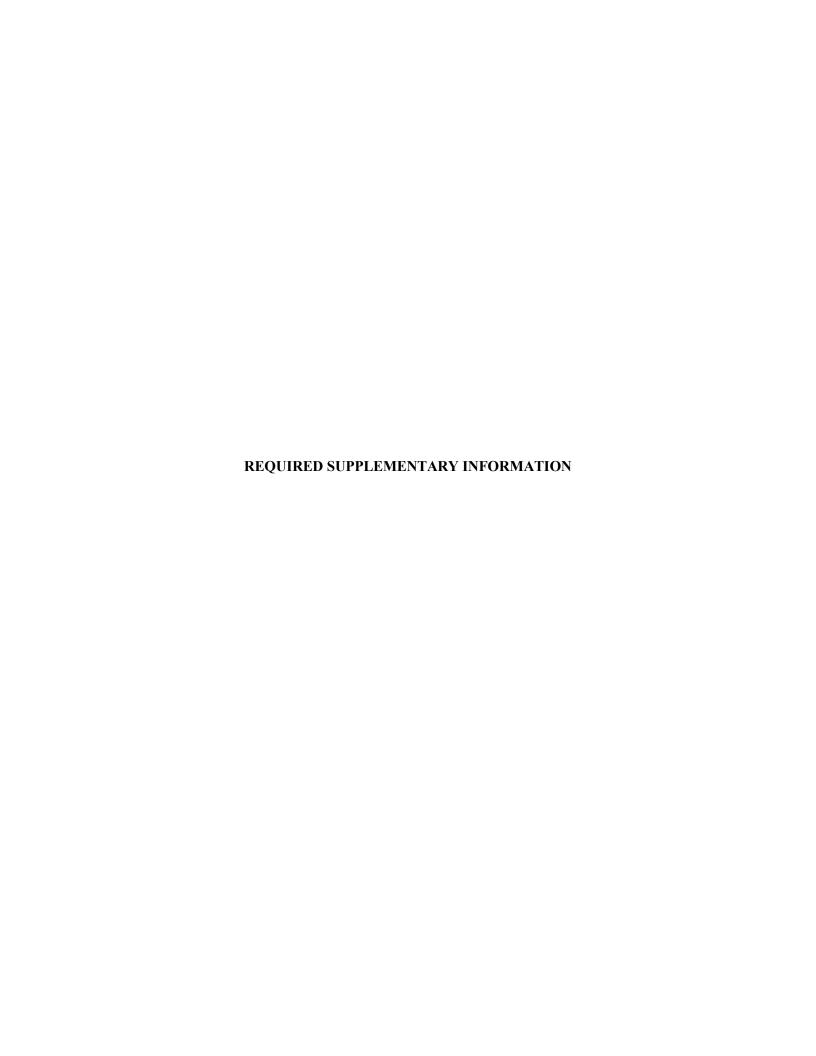
The members of the board of directors of the District are also board members of the Corporation.

On January 20, 2022, the District approved the authorization to transfer ownership of a 160-acre parcel of land known as the Custer Wash South to the Corporation for the purpose of obtaining a conservation easement on the land.

The District entered into an agreement in the form of a promissory note (Note) with the Corporation on November 5, 2021 related to prior and subsequent advances made by the District to the Corporation related to costs associated with the anticipated conveyance of a conservation easement by the Corporation to a qualified land trust.

Amounts due under the Note bear interest at 4.0% per annum. The Note matures on the first to occur of the following: (a) the date that the Corporation conveys a conservation easement to a qualified land trust, obtains tax credits in connection with such grant and receives proceeds from the sale of such tax credits sufficient to pay the amount due under the Note, after paying any amount owed to the qualified land trust, (b) the date the Corporation abandons its plan to convey a conservation easement to a qualified land trust, as reasonably determined by the District or (c) December 31, 2023.

The Corporation may prepay amounts due under the Note, in whole or in part, at any time without premium or penalty, with prepayment first applied to unpaid interest and then to the repayment of the advances. In the event of a default of payment on the Note, all unpaid amounts due will bear interest at the rate equal to the lower of 8.0% per annum or the maximum rate permitted by law. Interest will accrue on a daily basis and will be compounded on each anniversary date of the Note.



# MOUNT VERNON COUNTRY CLUB METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### GENERAL FUND

	Budget Amounts						Variance with Final Budget - Positive		
		Duuget 2 Original	Millou	Final	Actual			legative)	
Revenues		, riginui		111111		- Tretuur		(eguilve)	
Corral	\$	21,450	\$	21,450	\$	14,667	\$	(6,783)	
Interest		500		12,600		16,339		3,739	
Property taxes		186,874		186,874		187,766		892	
Proprietary member fees		123,600		123,600		123,600		-	
Proprietary member - trash		27,192		27,192		27,181		(11)	
Rental income		50,300		64,200		65,200		1,000	
Specific ownership taxes		15,000		19,934		19,473		(461)	
Miscellaneous		5,000		35,500		43,959		8,459	
Total revenues		429,916		491,350		498,185		6,835	
Expenditures									
General government		423,742		479,802		397,178		82,624	
District investor loan repayments		45,590		54,968		54,968		-	
District investor loan interest		2,195		2,199		2,199		-	
Capital outlay		66,000		82,768		-		82,768	
Total expenditures		537,527		619,737		454,345		165,392	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(107,611)		(128,387)		43,840		172,227	
Other financing uses									
Transfer to other funds		(18,687)		-		(30,935)		(30,935)	
Total other financing uses		(18,687)				(30,935)		(30,935)	
Net change in fund balance		(126,298)		(128,387)		12,905		141,292	
Fund balance - beginning of year		1,097,437		1,083,085		1,083,085		-	
Fund balance - end of year	\$	971,139	\$	954,698	\$	1,095,990	\$	141,292	

# MOUNT VERNON COUNTRY CLUB METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - TRANSPORTATION FUND

	aı	Priginal nd Final Budget	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Revenues						
Proprietary member fees	\$	25,920	\$ 25,920	\$	-	
Sales taxes		48,000	59,868		11,868	
Interest		75	3,526		3,451	
Total revenues		73,995	89,314		15,319	
Expenditures						
Road grader equipment		77,000	-		77,000	
Road base Centennial Trail		205,000	-		205,000	
Ridgeway Road		-	95,632		(95,632)	
Total expenditures		282,000	95,632		186,368	
Net change in fund balance		(208,005)	(6,318)		201,687	
Fund balance - beginning of year		266,290	262,116		(4,174)	
Fund balance - end of year	\$	58,285	\$ 255,798	\$	197,513	

#### MOUNT VERNON COUNTRY CLUB METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### **CONSERVATION TRUST FUND**

	an	riginal ad Final Budget	 Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Revenues						
Lottery proceeds	\$	1,000	\$ 1,970	\$	970	
Interest		_	 219		219	
Total revenues		1,000	 2,189		1,189	
Expenditures Total expenditures						
Net change in fund balance		1,000	2,189		1,189	
Fund balance - beginning of year		15,949	16,014		65	
Fund balance - end of year	\$	16,949	\$ 18,203	\$	1,254	

#### MOUNT VERNON COUNTRY CLUB METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### FIRE MITIGATION FUND

	Original and Final Budget		 Actual	Variance with Final Budget - Positive (Negative)		
Revenues						
Fire mitigation grant	\$	35,855	\$ -	\$	(35,855)	
Proprietary member fees		38,880	38,880		-	
Interest		25	1,264		1,239	
Total revenues		74,760	40,144		(34,616)	
Expenditures						
Fire mitigation		71,710	29,573		42,137	
Fire text messaging alert system		700	-		700	
Jefferson County Slash		5,580	-		5,580	
Total expenditures		77,990	 29,573		48,417	
Net change in fund balance		(3,230)	10,571		13,801	
Fund balance - beginning of year		75,151	75,138		(13)	
Fund balance - end of year	\$	71,921	\$ 85,709	\$	13,788	



# MOUNT VERNON COUNTRY CLUB METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### RECREATIONAL CLUBHOUSE FACILITY

	Budget .	Amounts		Variance Favorable	
_	Original	Final	Actual	(Unfavorable)	
Revenues	Ф. 22.500	Φ 06.700	Φ 06.565	Φ 65	
Activities and recreation	\$ 22,500	\$ 86,500	\$ 86,565	\$ 65	
Food and beverage sales	2,573,200	2,727,500	2,727,506	6	
Other income and late fees  Membership social dues and fees	27,000 1,422,987	55,700 1,502,600	55,750 1,502,660	50 60	
Pool fees	45,025	39,000	38,964		
Racquets	43,023 84,500	101,300	101,300	(36)	
Wellness fees	5,950	4,500	4,506	- 6	
Interest	3,930	7,700	7,783	83	
Total revenues	4,181,162	4,524,800	4,525,034	234	
Total revenues	4,161,102	4,324,600	4,323,034		
Expenditures					
General and administrative					
Accounting and HR	136,500	125,700	125,700	-	
Activities and recreation	7,750	19,500	19,062	438	
Facility maintenance	90,000	136,500	136,431	69	
Food and beverage	861,360	914,000	913,715	285	
General and administrative	383,245	580,000	579,310	690	
Membership	26,800	20,500	20,366	134	
Payroll	2,294,052	2,300,000	2,293,767	6,233	
Pool operations	24,800	38,500	38,136	364	
Racquets	22,650	21,100	21,023	77	
Utilities	194,335	115,000	114,993	7	
Wellness	4,794	9,500	9,299	201	
Debt service					
Principal	26,000	31,052	31,052	-	
Interest	52,805	52,082	52,082	-	
Capital outlay	130,000	280,000	279,746	254	
Total expenditures	4,255,091	4,643,434	4,634,682	8,752	
Excess of expenditures over revenues	(73,929)	(118,634)	(109,648)	8,986	
Other financing sources (uses)					
Property taxes	78,240	78,240	79,997	1,757	
Bank fees	(120)	(120)	(83)	37	
County treasurer fees	(1,174)	(1,174)	(1,201)	(27)	
Transfer from other funds	-	41,688	30,935	(10,753)	
Total other financing sources (uses)	76,946	118,634	109,648	(8,986)	
Net change in fund balance	3,017	-	-	-	
Fund balance - beginning of year	36,916				
Fund balance - end of year	\$ 39,933	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	

# MOUNT VERNON COUNTRY CLUB METROPOLITAN DISTRICT RECONCILIATION OF ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) TO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION

#### RECREATIONAL CLUBHOUSE FACILITY

Revenues (budgetary basis)	\$ 4,635,966
Total revenues per Statement of Revenues, Expenses	
and Change in Net Position	4,635,966
Expenditures (budgetary basis)	4,634,682
Depreciation	322,444
Debt principal	(31,052)
Capital outlay	(279,746)
County treasurer and bank fees	1,284
Total expenses per Statement of Revenues, Expenses and	
Change in Net Position	4,647,612
Change in net position per Statement of Revenues, Expenses	
and Change in Net Position	\$ (11,646)

## MOUNT VERNON COUNTRY CLUB METROPOLITAN DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

#### PROPRIETARY FUND - WATER FUND

	Budget Amounts						Variance with Final Budget - Positive	
	Origin				- Actual		(Negative)	
Revenues		zriginui		1 111111		- Tictuui		gutive
Capital reserve fee	\$	65,340	\$	65,340	\$	65,340	\$	-
Service charges - homeowners		185,400		185,400		185,400		-
Service charges - club		37,080		37,080		37,080		-
Other income		100		3,425		3,425		-
Total revenues		287,920		291,245		291,245		
Expenditures								
Water costs		170,640		210,000		202,249		7,751
Debt service								
Principal		5,000		6,000		6,000		-
Interest		9,295		9,300		9,243		57
Capital outlay		25,000		225,500		225,282		218
Total expenditures		209,935		450,800		442,774		8,026
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		77,985		(159,555)		(151,529)		8,026
Other financing sources (uses)								
Property taxes		16,799		16,799		15,496		(1,303)
Bank fees		(30)		(30)		(16)		14
County treasurer fees		(252)		(252)		(233)		19
Transfer from General Fund		18,687		-		-		-
Water lease		(21,000)		-		-		-
Total other financing sources (uses)		14,204		16,517		15,247		(1,270)
Net change in fund balance		92,189		(143,038)		(136,282)		6,756
Fund balance - beginning of year		195,186		209,466		209,466		-
Fund balance - end of year	\$	287,375	\$	66,428	\$	73,184	\$	6,756

#### MOUNT VERNON COUNTRY CLUB METROPOLITAN DISTRICT

### RECONCILIATION OF ACTUAL (BUDGETARY BASIS) TO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGE IN NET POSITION

#### WATER FUND

Revenues (budgetary basis)	\$	306,492
Total revenues per Statement of Revenues, Expenses		
and Change in Net Position		306,492
Expenditures (budgetary basis)		442,774
Depreciation		69,562
Debt principal		(6,000)
Capital outlay		(225,282)
Total expenses per Statement of Revenues, Expenses	<u></u>	
and Change in Net Position		281,054
Change in net position per Statement of Revenues,		
Expenses and Change in Net Position	\$	25,438